

1. (Withdrawn) A device for manipulating an optical data

storage disc, comprising:

a semi-flexible planar top element having a  
first face surface;

a semi-flexible planar bottom element having  
a second face surface, wherein said top element and  
said bottom element are joined together along a common  
joint so that said first face surface and said second  
face surface are in opposition; and

padding material disposed on said first face  
surface and said second face surface.

2. (Withdrawn) The device according to Claim 1, wherein

said bottom element has a larger area than does said  
top element.

3. (Withdrawn) The device according to Claim 1, wherein

said top element and said bottom element are sections  
of a common blank of material that is folded over to  
form said common joint.

4. (Withdrawn) The device according to Claim 3, wherein  
said blank of material is paper.

5. (Withdrawn) The device according to Claim 1, wherein  
said top element and said bottom element are thin  
sheets of plastic.

6. (Withdrawn) The device according to Claim 1, wherein  
said padding material is a fiber felt.

7. (Original) A method of manipulating an optical data  
storage disc having at least one data storage surface,  
said method comprising the steps of:  
    providing a device having at least one flat  
padded surface;  
    positioning said flat padded surface adjacent  
said at least one data storage surface of said optical  
data storage disc; and  
    manually gripping and moving said optical storage  
disc, wherein said flat padded surface is biased  
against said at least one data storage surface and  
said device prevents direct contact of said at least  
one data storage surface.

8. (Original) The method according to Claim 7, wherein further including the step of folding said flat padded surface around an edge of said optical data storage disc.
9. (Original) The method according to Claim 7, wherein said device has two opposing flat padded surfaces.
10. (Original) The method according to Claim 9, wherein said two opposing flat padded surfaces are joined together along a common joint.
11. (Original) The method according to Claim 9, wherein one of said two opposing flat padded surfaces is larger than the other and overhangs the other.
12. (Original) A method of removing a compact disc from a jewel case, comprising:
- providing a manipulation device having at least one flat padded surface;
  - advancing said flat padded surface under the compact disc in the jewel case;

gripping the disc utilizing, at least in part,  
said flat padded surface, wherein said flat padded  
surface prevents the compact disc from being directly  
contacted by a user's fingers;

separating said compact disc from the jewel case  
by manipulating the compact disc when gripped.

13. (Original) The method according to Claim 12, wherein said  
compact disc has opposite face surfaces and said  
method includes gripping said opposite face surfaces  
between sections of said flat padded surface.

14. (Original) The method according to Claim 13, wherein said  
sections of said flat padded surface are formed from a  
common blank of material and wherein said step of  
providing a manipulation device includes folding said  
common blank of material so that said sections of said  
flat padded surface oppose one another.

15. (Original) The method according to Claim 12, wherein said  
sections of said flat padded surface include a bottom  
section and a top section.

16. (Original) The method according to Claim 15, wherein said  
bottom section overextends said top section.

17. (New) The method according to Claim 7, wherein said step  
of providing a device, includes providing a device  
comprising:

a semi-flexible planar top element having a first  
face surface;

a semi-flexible planar bottom element having a  
second face surface, wherein said top element and said  
bottom element are joined together along a common  
joint so that said first face surface and said second  
face surface are in opposition; and

padding material disposed on said first face  
surface and said second face surface.